Revised Claims

(These revised claims replace all prior versions of the claims in this application)

- 1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for identifying a chemical moiety from a sample solution, comprising:
- (a) a substrate having a channel with at least one array for capturing and releasing a chemical moiety from a sample solution; and
- (b) a solid state nanopore system downstream from the substrate for identifying the chemical moiety received from the substrate channel after the chemical moiety has been released from the at least one array, the nanopore system comprising
 - i. a first ring electrode,
 - ii. a second ring electrode adjacent to the first ring electrode;
- iii. a nanopore adjacent to the first ring electrode and the second ring electrode and positioned to allow the chemical moiety to be positioned in the first ring electrode and the second ring electrode; and
- iv. a voltage source for electrically connecting the first ring electrode to the second ring electrode for applying a ramping potential from the first ring electrode, through a portion of the chemical moiety in the nanopore to a-the second ring electrode to produce a signal indicative of the portion of the chemical moiety.
- 2. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising a second substrate for positioning the first ring electrode and the second ring electrode.
- 3. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, <u>further comprising</u> at least a <u>first second substrate</u> for positioning the first <u>ring</u> electrode.
- 4. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising at least a second third substrate for positioning the second-substrate ring electrode.
- 5. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising at least a <u>first second</u> substrate for positioning the a-nanopore.

- 6. (Currently Amended) TheAn apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising a means for signal detection detector for detecting the signal produced form from the portion of the biopolymer chemical moiety.
- 7. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, where <u>in</u> the channel is a micro fluidic channel.
- 8. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the <u>at least</u> one array comprises a probe.
- 9. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>48</u>, wherein the probe comprises a nucleic acid molecule.
- 10. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>48</u>, wherein the probe comprises a protein molecule.
- 11. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>48</u>, wherein the probe comprises a carbohydrate.
- 12. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>18</u>, wherein the probe comprises a polysaccharide.
- 13. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a material selected from the group consisting of silicon, plastic, rubber, glass, metal, and combinations thereof.
- 14. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>27</u>, wherein the dimension of the micro fluidic channel is 100 microns or less.

- 15. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the target portion of the chemical moiety comprises an oligonucleotide.
- 16. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus of claim 1, wherein the <u>at least one</u> array comprises more than 100 features.
- 17. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus of claim 1, wherein the substrate may be flexible or rigid.
- 18. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus of claim 1, which further comprises comprising at least one valves in the channel that permits different fluids to be directed into the channel.
- 19. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus of claim 1, which further comprises comprising a temperature control device to provide a temperature controlled environment.
- 20. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus of claim 1, which-further comprises comprising means to move the fluids through the at least one array.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method for separating and identifying a chemical moiety, comprising:
- (a) contacting a solution comprising a target molecule to a probe positioned in a channel of a substrate;
- (b) capturing the target molecule from the sample by contacting the target molecule to the probe;
 - (c) releasing the target molecule from the probe; and
- (d) identifying the target molecule translocating through the nanopore system by applying a ramping electrical current form a first ring electrode through a portion of the chemical moiety to a second ring electrode to identify a portion of the chemical moiety positioned in the nanopore.

- 22. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the electrical current is a tunneling current with an energy level that matches at least one conduction band energy of a portion of the chemical moiety.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 25, wherein the tunneling current is on resonance with the conduction band energies of a portion of the chemical moiety.
- 24. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, further comprising translocating the chemical moiety through the nanopore to identify each of the translocating portions of the chemical moiety.
- 25. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the order of release of the target molecule is the same as the order of binding of the target molecule to the probe.
- 26. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the order of elution of the target molecule is opposite of the order of binding of the target molecule to the probe.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the step of releasing the target molecules involves heating portions of the array.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the target molecules are not labeled prior to introduction to the array.
- 29. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 24, wherein the solution contacting the probes may comprise target molecules from more than one sample and the samples are differentially labeled.
- 30. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for identifying a chemical moiety from a sample solution, comprising:

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- (a) a substrate having a channel with at least one array for capturing a chemical moiety from a sample solution; and
- (b) a solid state nanopore system downstream from the substrate for identifying the chemical moiety received from the substrate-channel after the chemical moiety has been released from the at least one array, the nanopore system comprising
 - i. a first electrode having a first nanopore,
- ii. a second electrode, adjacent to the first electrode, having a second nanopore, wherein the first nanopore of the first electrode is positioned with the second nanopore of the second electrode so that the chemical moiety may translocate through the first nanopore and the second nanopore; and
- iii. a voltage source for electrically connecting the first electrode to the second electrode for applying a ramping potential from the first electrode, through a portion of the chemical moiety in the <u>first</u> nanopore <u>and the second nanopore</u> to-a <u>the</u> second electrode to produce a signal indicative of the portion of the chemical moiety.
- 31. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>30</u>3, wherein the first nanopore and the second <u>nanopores nanopore</u> have center points and wherein the center point of the first nanopore is positioned coaxially with the center point of the second <u>electrode</u> nanopore.
- 32. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>30</u>3, wherein the first electrode is positioned above the second electrode.
- 33. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>30</u>3, further comprising a <u>second</u> substrate for positioning 30 the first electrode and the second electrode.
- 34. (Currently Amended) <u>The An</u> apparatus as recited in claim 33, further comprising at least a second third substrate for positioning the second electrode.

- 35. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for identifying a chemical moiety from a sample solution, comprising:
- (a) a substrate having a channel with at least one array for capturing a chemical moiety from a sample solution; and
- (b) a solid state nanopore system downstream from the substrate for identifying the chemical moiety received from the substrate-channel after the chemical moiety has been released from the <u>at least one</u> array, the nanopore system comprising
 - i. a first electrode,
- ii. a second electrode spaced from the first electrode to define a nanopore between the first electrode and the second electrode, the nanopore designed for receiving a <u>translocating</u> chemical moiety, the first electrode being in electrical connection with the second electrode; and
- iii. a voltage source for electrically connecting the first electrode to the second electrode for applying a ramping potential from the first electrode, through a portion of the chemical moiety in the nanopore to a second electrode to produce a signal indicative of the portion of the chemical moiety.
- 36. (Currently Amended) <u>TheAn</u> apparatus as recited in claim <u>358</u>, wherein the biopolymer chemical moiety is translocated in a stepwise fashion through the nanopore defined between the first electrode and the second electrode.
- 37. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for identifying a chemical moiety from a sample solution, comprising:
- (a) a substrate having a channel with at least one array for capturing a chemical moiety from a sample solution; and
- (b) a solid state nanopore system downstream from the substrate for identifying the chemical moiety received from the substrate channel after the chemical moiety has been released from the at least one array, the nanopore system comprising
- i. a first electrode layer having a first portion of the nanopore extending there through and exposing defining a first electrode edge;

ii. a first insulator layer adjacent to the first electrode layer, the first insulator layer having a second portion of the nanopore there through and defining a first insulator edge, the first insulator edge overhanging the first electrode edge;

iii. a second electrode layer adjacent to the first insulator layer, the second electrode layer having a third portion of the nanopore there through and defining a second electrode edge, the second electrode edge overhanging the first insulator edge; wherein the first electrode and the second electrode may be electrically ramped for sensing the chemical moiety.

- 38. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, further comprising a <u>second</u> substrate adjacent to the first electrode.
- 39. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, wherein the first electrode edge defines a first diameter portion of the nanopore, and the first insulator edge defines a second diameter portion of the nanopore, the first diameter portion of the nanopore being smaller than the second diameter portion of the nanopore.
- 40. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, further comprising a second insulator layer contacting the second electrode layer and being adjacent to the nanopore, the second insulator layer having a fourth portion of the nanopore there through and defining a second insulator edge, the second insulator edge overhanging the second electrode edge.
- 41. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim <u>403</u>, wherein the second insulator edge defines a third diameter portion of the nanopore, the <u>third</u> <u>second</u> diameter portion of the nanopore being smaller than the <u>second</u> <u>third</u> diameter portion of the nanopore.
- 42. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, wherein the first electrode layer comprises a ring structure.

- 43. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, wherein the second electrode layer comprises a ring structure.
- 44. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 4037, wherein both each of the first electrode layer and the second electrode layer comprises a ring structure.
- 45. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim 4037, further comprising an electric circuit.
- 46. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim <u>458</u>, wherein the electric circuit further comprises a voltage source for electrically connecting the first electrode layer with the second electrode layer and generating a potential between the first electrode layer and the second electrode layer for sensing a chemical moiety in the nanopore.
- 47. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim <u>469</u>, wherein the voltage source comprises a time varying voltage source.
- 48. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim <u>450</u>, where the electric circuit further comprises a current sensor for sensing a resulting current.
- 49. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, where the first electrode layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of platinum, iridium, palladium, rhodium, gold, tin, copper, zinc, iron, magnesium, cobalt, nickel, vanadium and their alloys.
- 50. (Currently Amended) <u>The</u>A nanopore structure as recited in claim 40<u>37</u>, wherein the second electrode layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of platinum, iridium, gold, tin, copper, zinc, iron, magnesium, cobalt, nickel, vanadium and their alloys.

- 51. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 4037, wherein the nanopore is from 1 nanometer to 300 nanometers.
- 52. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 4037, wherein the first insulator layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of silicon dioxide, silicon nitride, oxynitride, platinum oxide, and aluminum oxide.
- 53. (Currently Amended) <u>TheA</u> nanopore structure as recited in claim 4037, wherein the second insulator layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of silicon dioxide, silicon nitride, oxynitride, platinum oxide, and aluminum oxide.